1895-96
(L.R.)

File No: 125 of 95
Serial No: 1 to 17.

Sub:— Dispute regarding the sale of Jodi Kyzonkally, Alikoppa Taluk between Shivaram Sastry and others

J. H. 33796.

G. R. S. IX-5]

Previous references.

L. R. 52488.

1895-96.

~~192~~ .

(L. R.)

File No. 125 of 95

Serial Nos. 1 to 17

Later references.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 1 to 17

~~Part~~ B for September 1902.

SUBJECT.

Dispute regarding the sale of Kyzonhalli Allikuppa Talak between Sivarama Sastry and Others. —

WD 2233—GPB—25,000—14-6-20

(17)

Appeal No 127 of 1895-96.

Appellants.
1. Sivarama Sastri
2. Krishna Sastri
and others

Respondent
Rangiengar.

Dispute regarding the sale of godi Rajamahalle, Krishnarajapet Taluk.

List of papers in English.

(1) Govt Resp. No 13011/701 of 18. 2. 91.
(2) Sultan officials Precis.
(3) do letter to the Dy Commr of 18. 2. 91.
(4) Appeal petition, with translation of Amildar's enquiry
(5) Official Memorandum
(6) Rangiengar's petition
(7) Dy Commrs Report:

Respondents purchased the property in question at a sale held by the Amildar on the 31st December 1890 for Rs 1,000 and obtained a sale certificate on the 1st January 1891. The appellants filed a suit on the 1st December 1892 to set aside the sale on the ground that the property was worth Rs 3,000 and that the sale was collusive. The Munsiff dismissed the suit on the 31st March 1893 and the appellants appealed to the District Court which reversed the decree of the Munsiff and remanded the suit for disposal on the merits. The respondent appealed to this Court against the order of remand and the appellants filed a memorandum of objections. This Court on the 6th November 1894 dismissed the appeal and the memorandum of objections and directed the Munsiff to dispose of the suit on the merits. The Munsiff has now dismissed the suit and the appellants have appealed to the District Court.

Brief notes by the appellant's vakil

31-7-96

In this case there can be no claim to any deduction for Jodi on account of the Submerged lands.

= The Lands submerged by the tank measure 99 acres & 21 guntas & were assessed at Rs 134-8-11 thus.

		Assessment
A	9	Rs 126-8-11
Dry	76-16	
Bayaqi	2-27	8-11-4
Kharab	20-18	11-11-4
	99-21	134-8-11

Thus if any lands are to be given to the Jodidars, they should be Dry Lands worth the Jodidars would have the same extent as their submerged & thus in wet Land means Lands assessed Rs 503. The D comm[issioner] Lakes

as his criterion the assessment
of the land submerged & the
result is that he would
recommend the grant of only
32 acres (worth). This proposal
involves also money compensation for the reparation of lands to which
In this connection the following
extract from para 5 of
No. No 122 of the Board of
Revenue may be useful

"In submitting proposals
for the grant of fresh lands
as compensation for lands
lands taken up for public
purposes, Collectors will be
careful to see that the area
of the land proposed to be
given in exchange is as nearly
possible equivalent to that
of the land lost by the Grantee.
It is not sufficient that the
assessments of the two plots
are equal or that inequality is
counteracted by imposition of large additional quit-rent

11

13/8/98

A

The Jodeedars agent does not appear to have been unreasonable. They have lost an area of 91 acres assessed at 134-8-0. They have also lost some bobdy revenue worth about 36 a yr. The Dy Com's proposal is to remit the extent of land altogether take the money assessed alone into account & give as much land as will make up that amount - plus the bobdy revenue. This he finds will be done by giving them about 27 acres plus 5 acres for bobdy revenue expected to be turned over. He adds that 20 per acre may be given for preparation of the land. The income of this will be main-

After this the Jodeedars ask for 91 acres which the Dy Com says may be assessed at 503 They promise to forego all other claims for compensation & take up the land for Kandagam & to pay the usual commutation amount also. I am not prepared to say

Letter No 1335 4/8/98

from the Dy Comm'r

Mysore Dt

This replies to a reply to Govt No Pol 782 dt 27/11/96 & to the concluding para of Govt No 5633 PF-33-96 dt 18/12/96 (Govt Nos 18 & 20)

The question of cancellation of sale of the Jodi Village & its management by Govt has been finally disposed of by the second of the two more quoted above

The question left undecided was that relating to the grant of compensation either in money or by exchange of the lands of the Jodeedars

Submerged by An irrigation tank 3

From the report of the D Comm^r it appears that the idea of compensation in cash has been not liked by the Jordians & that they prefer grant of lands in exchange

The proposal of the Jordans as described in para 4 of the D Comm^r's letter amounts to a request for grant of lands assessed at Rs 503 subject to payment of assessment & contribution, in lieu of lands assessed at Rs 134-8-11

The D comm^r says this proposal cannot be entertained & suggests a proposal of his own in para 6 of his letter. He suggests the grant of lands measuring 32 acres & of nearly the same valuation as Rs 135 as the

x The Lands have been recently regarded unsuitable by the Rann Devar Dam

D

Mr. Hunt had the case under consideration for some time. Both the Dewan & the then Councillor in charge of the Revenue Portfolio have expressed an opinion in favour of granting the petitioners lands to the extent of acres 99 - Gunta 21. under the Sevanadevar Channel in lieu of an equal extent of padi land submerged by the repair of the Annaicut. The Padikars having agreed to take up the lands on full assessment & also pay acreage cess

Contributions. Orders
will issue accordingly. 9 agrees
with done
1. IV. 02

The only question
on which I find the
memo defective is regarding
the valuation of the lands
submerged by the tank.
I find that the zadidars
have all along contested
the correctness of the
valuation as adopted
by the taluk & Distt authorities.
I find from the records
that a panchayet assembled on 5th August 1897
by the amildar estimated
the lands at an average
of Rs 100 per acre - this
would show that the
zadidars have not
received anything more
than what they were
justly entitled to.
I have been unable to see
how the zadidars were
made to pay that here
need be no abatement
in the jodi payable

6 2)

that that is unreasonable
especially when the
Jodedens do not even
want that Jodi of their
village to be reduced.
This is a permanent
annual contribution
by them for the land
which they have obtained
on purely Landegan lease.
I am inclined to
sanction the proposal,
— but as the question
of compensation by land
landholders was raised
in another case & is
pending before the
Diwan I think the
papers might also be
laid before him.

14/12/98

B

17/12/98

14/12 The papers connected
with the grant of waste
lands. Report on value
of the interest of the land
holders - and any encro-
ached land applied for on
a fair rent from - I see from
the G.I. that Hills on the
Western & Eastern frontiers

× Part of Kirthanagar &
the Jodedens of Pasan
Village, Mulsi Taluka

× Asst. Collector-engineer
Mr. Chitale
Khed

7

The Dy Comr, in reply reports in his letter dated 5-2-01, that the lands under the Hole Narsipur Northern Main fetched at the sale from Rs50/- to Rs 60/- per acre; and that the lands selected to be given to the petrs, in exchange for the submerged lands being of superior soil, may be estimated at Rs100/- per acre.

9-3-01

The extent of the lands chosen is 99.7 2/C. At Rs 60 an acre, the value amounts to a little more than Rs 5770 and at Rs 100 an acre, it amounts to Rs 9970, a little more than Rs 9950, leaving a difference of about Rs 3980. The estimated value of the lands submerged is Rs 2372-4-0 at Rs 30 an acre. But the Godidars are prepared to have the presumed acreage contributed and also forego reduction in Jodi.

X

Under the circumstances

Vide Dy Comr's letter dated 5-2-01

The Godidar's report is very brief & needs ~~further~~ further inquiry has been addressed by the Asst Collr. The Dy Comr has

P.T.O

28/3/01
1 May 01

17114 C

of will not be
sufficient Compensation
for loss of the land
land, in the land
bed. They have also
lost the difference
between the full assessment
and gadi which
~~were~~ represented
~~the~~ at the lowest
estimate their annual
profit from the
lands submerged.
We ~~to~~ deduction
of the full assessment
on these lands will
be the proper & equitable
way of Compensating
the Jodhas

Wm Markham

Dear
We Zodadars have
got the proper compensa-
tion with present
given demand & it
is unnecessary to
go beyond—

The question was
referred to the ~~Hon~~ Office Dewan on 14.12.~~1899~~.1900
It was again referred
to the Hon Councillor for
opinion by the ~~Hon~~ Dewan
on 14.3.1901. The Hon
Councillor having record-
ed his views, the matter
is submitted to the Dewan.

8/11/1901

E

2359
8/11/01. Note by Hon Minister. See P.D. Resolution Book
Please see notes
in the margin
I surrender same to
the ground of the rent
land in full compensation
subject with proof of the
annual assessment &
the average contribution -
This order grants the
demand of the Zemindars
to full extent

1.11.02

DK.

Draft

10

Demands remarkably

Perhaps the Zodiacs
would that the land
they set is far more
valuable than
the lots they have
been sent to. They
are not interested –
it is unnecessary
to go beyond their
arrangement.

G (illegible)

of the Arrangements
taken by

Proportionate Jodi
will be deducted
from the Income-
due on Kuligaram

I have note here that
the under disallowing
reduction of Jodi was
passed in the Vedic
Vadicaya - on 25th
Oct 1896

Mr Muthuramaiah
Secretary
Jagir

Amount of Jodi
realized in the Jodi
from the Ryots on the Khanda
land.

from the full
assessment on the
lands submerged
Rs 134-8-... Thirty
to be deducted from
the Jodi payable
on the Village of
Kaigondally. Reduction
of proportionate
Jodi on lands
submerged is not
applicable in
relief to above
remarks the Jodi
have been given land
of equal & best & equal
value & therefore the
have to pay the assessment
of the lands & not in
proportion for
the lands they agree to pay
the assessment fixed
by Govt. & hold them
on Kandayam or Swarg
tenure. Reduction
of proportionate Jodi

submitted to the Secretary

27/7/1902

G

The Order as far as it goes is agreed to by both parties, & meets the case of the Godetia & the [illegible] have themselves chosen a special channel lands are [illegible] other lands — & the Godetia consent is quite unexceptionable. As however there is doubt upon this point the other Commissioners

24.VII.02

14

Prags of the Govt of Bombay

Read again:-

Govt Engg. Dis 563 3 / D433-96 / 18-12-96 cancelling the sale of the Bodi village of Kaiyarkatti Krishnaraj pete Taluk and calling for further report regarding the compensation claimed by the Jodidars on account of the Bodi lands submerged by the restoration of the Arasayana Katte tank

Read:-

Letter Dis 133 / 4-8-98 from the Dy Commr Bombay Dist reporting on the above

(In Extenso)

2. Letter No 847 / 5-8-98 from the Dy Commr Bombay Dist reporting that the lands selected by the Jodidars for grant in Exchange may be valued at Rs 100 an acre.

3. Records of the case.

Order thereon / one Typed page / The Govt direct

24

Draft for the G/G / Sd / 11/4/02

Submitted for the approval of the Hon'ble Councillor

This draft was detained with me owing to pressure of work

5/7/1902

F

R 8/5/02
2358

I am sorry I cannot agree to this order. It does not convey my recommendations

Sd 15/5/1902

Ll 17/5/1902

15

the grant to the Jodidars of Koiguvalli of an extent of 99 ac 9 g. 21 under the Sri. ramadevarn channel in lieu of an equal extent of garli land submerged by the Anniyankatte tank. The lands will be subject to payment of full assessment and acreage contribution.

Draft

Secretary

11/4/07

To

The Dy Commr Kingsore

Draft works records recd with his letter No 24 35-37

for

2. The grant of lands on the above terms will, as agreed upon by the Jodidars, Grant be made in full discharge of all their claims on govt for the loss of their garli lands in the village of Kinyanakalli, submerged by the Anniyankatte tank.

17

MEMO OF PAPERS CIRCULATED TO COUNCILLORS FOR ...Oct 1902...

SUBJECT.

The Jodidars of Kaggonahalli, Krishnarajpet Taluk, having agreed to take up 99-1 of wet land under the river channel on full assessment and subject to payment of a cess contribution in lieu of their joda lands of equal extent (mostly dry) submerged by the restoration of a Gobbi tank, it is necessary to reduce the jama of the village by the amount of full assessment on the submerged lands, which they have now asked for.

By Order,

H. Mariyanna

26-7-1902

Secretary.

V. P. Madhava Row, Esq., C.I.E. Secy ex

C. Sreenivasiengar, Esq. Revenue Member

Rao Bahadur C. Madiah, Esq.

The Secretary

MGCPB—22-3-01—250

18 1

No 28 Encouragement — Note by the Secretary

This is an exceptionally liberal arrangement and is unprecedented that the Jadidars can reasonably ask for more - 99 years under Circular No 1 dated 1st May 1894 has been cost & item by item mention - Due allowance has been made for the exceptionally valuable description - under a river channel - The roads must be carried with 20ft width - The latter could - The estimated values respectively are Rs 23,72,4 and Rs 9950 - The assessment (lumen value) of the Land Revenue which is clearly necessary from time to time of the land which has been submerged in this circumstance I am quite understand the Jadidars proposing an exchange of land & it is many cases - time of the then existing

(3)

	Expedient - assessment		
Kay -	76 - 6 -	126-8-0	
Bayad -	2 - 27 -	8 - 0 - 0	
Khasra -	20 - 18 -	5 - 0 - 0	
	99 - 2 -	134 - 8 - 0	

to pay (1) arrears contribution
and (2) full assessment
and to have all claims to
the abatement of their
Jodi - I believe there
is a standing order
of Court that no exclusion of land
should be ~~permitted~~ granted
unless such land is
situated in or near
the Village from which
a claim has been ~~made~~ withdrawn on
for public purposes - I
doubt whether this
enforced would enable
the Judiciary to get
the requisite land in
from the Villages, which
they claim so much
to count - why should
we show ~~their~~ consideration
when and where what-
they have themselves
asked for and which
latter are alleged
threat - ~~here~~ the case
any doubts exist on
the subject I would
suggest ~~that~~ an
action being given to the
Judiciary whereby
accounts before
trial can be taxed -

H Jackson
28/7/02

I

22

Letter by the

3rd Commissioner Bahadur Dr. B. Ambedkar.

I have
the honour to submit,
herewith my opinion
about the ground-
work to be
the foundation of
the Kanyan Kubb
Village in order
for there enlar-
gement & the
improvement
of the Community
(Vide letter No 136
dated 4th August 1938)
I have read the
proposal & the
plan in connec-
tion with the Khandesh
Presidency the
jurisdiction am
entitled to and
bound of the

H
H
L
g

[illegible] (Vide Journal 28/24
of Standing order
No 90. P. 2028/308
Edition of 1900).
The lands embraced
in my 99 acres 1, 21 perches
[illegible] under my
No 1384-8-0. and
[illegible] under my
No 2372-4-0. There
[illegible] by the
Government [illegible]
[illegible] the army
[illegible] will be
[illegible] No 503
when [illegible]
[illegible] and the
[illegible] under my
No 9950, on [illegible]
[illegible] the [illegible]
of the [illegible]
[illegible] in my
opinion the
[illegible]

X 13/8/98.

I submit herewith
an ed^n of the
standing orders of Rev
wh I used when submitting
my note. The order
extracted of wh is given
is para 5 of S.O. No
122 (P 220 of the Book)

I however find from
the latest edition of
the Board's standing orders
(ed^n of 1900) that the
above is no longer in
force & that the
criterion now set up
is that the value of the land
tendered in exchange shd
be equal to the value of

the land taken up
& that the Entire in such cases
is Ryotwari in the case of Serai Inams
(Vide paras 23 & 24
of Standing order
No 90 P 302 & 303
of the 2d of 1900)
I put up to the the
books

1/8/02

26

[illegible] ground on
[illegible] arrangement,
[illegible] recommended
[illegible] unanimously
[illegible] and that we
[illegible] to
[illegible] the amount
[illegible] of [illegible]
[illegible] which shall be
[illegible] by the
[illegible] Department.

[illegible] Department
[illegible] Institution will
[illegible] be [illegible] to be efficiently
[illegible] with [illegible]
[illegible] the [illegible] of
[illegible] and [illegible]
[illegible] to [illegible]
[illegible] [illegible].

D. A.
[illegible]
12/8

[illegible]
5/8.

Stanfare was
entitled to more
than was stated in
the extent of
damages sustained
on account of
the ~~grant~~ grant to
Stanfare and
has stated by
counsel, to
which the
added attorney
fees, to amount
to ~~the~~ such
amount of
damages
sustained by
reason of all
the contro-
versy to
grant, among
other 32 acres of
land mentioned
(Under my ruling
above granted)
this issue would
be stated 3 acres
in excess of

only be made when the
lands are situated in
the same village and
that the Grant in
the present case of land
situated in four different
villages is an exception
ons

The (Lahk) 3rd Commissr
is not prepared to
recommend the Grant
of a larger area than
32 acres, on Kandyan
tenure but free from
the liability to pay
arrears Continuing
he further recommends

name of this being
the value of the
submerged

"proportionate reduction of fees" on account of the submerged lands.

2. The above opinions were recorded before the new rules of business were signed; but the opinions of the Councillors are all different and the opinion of no Councillor can be said to have been concurred in by another Councillor.

A draft is therefore sent up for approval under the present rules of business 16/5/02

and submitted to the Diwan through the 1st Councillor.

D° 23/5/02

22/8/1902

5-7-36 R028.8.02

In this case, the Jodidars
of Kanjeevaram may be
compensated in land for
99-21 a 9 of land belonging
to their Jodi villages and
submerged by the
Annaiyan Kattu Tank.

The Dewan is in favour
of granting them on
occupancy or ryot-war
tenure 99-21 a 9 of
wet land under
Sriramadevar channel
subject to payment
of acreage contribution.

The 1st Councillor proposed
that in addition to

the above, the quit-
rent of the Jodi village
must be reduced by
the full assessment on
the lands submerged (ie
Rs 134-8) plus Rs 36
being the amount of
toddy revenue realised
by the Jodidars from the
daktes on the submerged
lands.

The 2nd Councillor thinks
that the grant proposed
by the Dewan is itself
very liberal & that it is
unnecessary to show
any further concession. He
further considers that, under the
Standing orders, grant of
lands in exchange could

the submersion of their Kharab lands (20 A - 18 G) containing some date trees, the D. C. Comr. recommended the grant of an additional extent of 5 acres to reimburse them for this loss together with a sum of Rs. 20 per acre on all the lands given in exchange to help them to prepare the same for wet cultivation. The lands granted were to be enjoyed as Inam free of all liability to pay water rate or acreage contribution and no reduction in the amount of jodi &c annually payable to Govt. (433-12-6 ₱. as. P.) was to be claimed.

The then Councillor, Mr. P.R. Krishna Murti thereupon remarked on 14 - 12 - 1898 that the request of the jodidars appeared to be reasonable especially when they did not even want the jodi of their village to be reduced. This was a permanent annual contribution by them for the lands which they wished to obtain on purely kandayam tenure. The Councillor was inclined to sanction the proposal but as a similar case was before the Dewan he ordered these papers also to be laid before him.

This was accordingly done on 17 - 12 - 1898. The Offg. Dewan Mr. T.R.A. Thumboo Chetty dealt with the papers on 4-9-1900 and he was of opinion that the proper course was to give wet lands equal in value to the

Office note — Portion marked A.

extent of dry lands submerged and any excess of wet land applied for on a fair upset price.

The Dy. Commr. was accordingly asked to state what the average or upset price would be and he replied in his letter No. 848 dated 5th Feb. 1901 that the lands generally fetched at the sale from ₹50-60 per acre and that these selected by the jodidars being of superior quality might be estimated at Rs. 100/- per acre. Mr. Thumboo Chetty ordered on 14-3-1901 that this should be submitted to the 1st Councillor for his opinion on the proposal made by him on 4-9-1900 Mr. V.P. Madhava Rao who became 1st Councillor about this time recorded his opinion on 23-9-1901, agreeing with the Offg. Dewan and the then 1st Councillor in favor of granting lands to the extent of granting 99 acres 21 guntas selected by the jodidars on full assessment and subject to the acreage contribution. With regard to the non-reduction of the jodi amount payable by the jodidars his remarks are as follows:- "The only question on which I find the memo defective is regarding the valuation of the lands submerged by the tank. I find that the jodidars have all along contested the correctness of the valuation as adopted by the Taluk and District authorities. I find from the records that the panchayet assembled by the Amildar on 5-8-97 estimated the lands at an average of

Sl. 25.

" 30

Vide Office note — portion marked C.

D

Memorandum G.H.H. Maharaja.—

Compensation to the Jodidars of Kaigonahalli in the Krishnarajpet Taluk for the lands submerged by the restoration of Annianakatte Tank.

The Jodidars of Kaigonahalli petitioned for the grant of lands under the Sree Ram Devaru Northern Channel in lieu of lands of their jodi village submerged by the restoration of the Annianakatte Tank. This petition was referred to the Deputy Commissioner of Mysore for enquiry and report in Official Memorandum No. 5633/P.F. 33-96 dated 18th December 1896, the Deputy Commissioner was again requested to submit complete information upon all the points regarding the question of compensation due to the Jodidars.

Sl. ~~18~~.
" 21
" 23

Sl. 24.

The Deputy Commissioner (Mr. Madiah) replied on the 4th August 1898 in his No. 133. According to this report the extent of the land submerged was:-

	A. G.	Assessment.
Dry.	76 - 16;	126- 8-0
Bagayet.	2 - 27;	8- 0-0
	79 - 3	134- 8-0
Kharab	20 - 18	0 -0 - 0
Total.	99 - 21;	134- 8 -0

The dry and bagayet lands were valued at Rs. 2372-4-0 at Rs. 30/- an acre and a compensation statement

was sent to the Exectuive Engineer, French Rocks Division. But the Jodidars having in the meantime preferred the grant of other lands to be converted into wet lands in exchange for the lands submerged the question of money compensation was dropped. They accordingly selected under the Sri Ram Devaru North Channel Extension lands measuring 99 acres 21 guntas bearing a dry assessment of Rs. 109/, but the wet assessment on which would be about Rs. 505 as particularized below

	A	G	Assessment.	Village to which attached.
Dry.	17	29	8-8-0	Halemadapur.
"	21	5	17-4-0	Madapur Nala.
"	47	11	10-12-0	Madapur.
Wet	13	16	72-8-0	Anagola.
Total	99	21	109-0-0	

The Jodidars were willing tp take up these lands subject to the payment of full wet assessment together with the prescribed acreage contribution (Rs.30 per acre) and they were also prepared to forego their claim to a proportionate reduction of jodi on account of the lands submerged. The Deputy Commr. however taking the assessment of the lands submerged as his criterion was of opinion that the jodidars were only entitled to about 27 acres, the wet assessment on which would about be equal to the beris (Rs. 134-8-0) of the lands submerged. As it was also found that the jodidars had lost toddy revenue to the amount of Rs. 36 per annum by

Rs. 100 per acre. This would show that the jodidars have not received anything more than what they were justly entitled to.

"I have been unable to see how the jodidars were made to say that there need be no abatement in the jodi payable by them on the old lands. They had asked for it from the beginning and it was only after the Dy. Commr. had expressed an opinion that proportionate jodi (Rs. 42-8-6-4 per annum) could not be reduced although both the Amildar and the Sub-Dn. Officer had recommended it that the jodidars gave a statement that the jodi need not be deducted. I think it is not equitable or just to saddle the petitioners with the jodi of land which has been taken away from them especially when it is seen that they get only land of equal value to that they have had to give up - - - .

" I think the full assessment on the lands submerged viz. Rs. 134-8-0 plus Rs. 36 being the amount of toddy revenue realised by the jodidars from the trees on the kharab land should be deducted from the jodi payable on the village of Kaigonahalli. Reduction of proportionate jodi on lands submerged is not sufficient or proper relief. As above remarked, the jodi-

dars

have been given lands of equal extent and equal value to those that they have lost by the construction of tank and on these, they agree to pay the assessment fixed by Govt. and hold them on Kandayam or survey tenure.

" Reduction of proportionate jodi will not be sufficient compensation for loss of the jodi lands in the tank bed. They have also lost the difference between the full assessment and jodi which represented at the lowest estimate their annual profit from the lands submerged. The reduction of the full assessment on these lands will be the proper and equitable way of compensating the jodidars".

The Dewan to whom these views were submitted remarked on 1-4-1902 that an order sanctioning the grant of wet land in full compensation subject to the payment of the annual assessment and the acreage contribution may be issued in as much as perhaps the jodidars thought that the land they got was far more valuable than the loss they had been put to and as they were the best judges of their interest and it was unnecessary to go beyond their own agreement.

A draft order was accordingly prepared and submitted for the approval of the 1st Councillor on 5-5-1902. Mr. Madhava Rao however on 16-5-1902 recorded that he could not agree to the order as it did not convey his recommendations.

that he is for deducting the assessment of the submerged lands viz., Rs. 134-8-0 plus Rs. 36-0-0 being rent of toddy trees submerged from the jodi payable on the village.

As I have already remarked what Mr. Madhava Rao proposes appears to me to go beyond the wish of the jodidars themselves. It is well known that lands under river channels are more appreciated and command higher values than the tank fed lands and as such their anxiety to take them up on kandayam tenure subject to the continuance of the usual jodi and acreage contribution can be easily understood. The mahazar referred to above dated 5-8-97 in Mr. Madhava Rao's note in which Rs. 100 per acre is given as the estimate was given by the same individuals as gave the mahazar on 3-9-95, in which the submerged lands are estimated at Rs. 30 an acre. The jodidars upon knowing the estimate of Rs. 30 often complained of under valuation and hence the 2nd estimate seems to have been given. It is not likely that the jodidars would have quietly acquiesced in the proposal of the Dy. Commr. to grant no reduction in the annual jodi payable to Govt. if on the whole, the terms offered had not been to their

advantage. It is the jodidars that wish to have ~~the~~ lands in lieu of money compensation-which the Govt. were willing to give. In these circumstances, the abatement of jodi proportionate to the lands submerged, or deduction of the full assessment on them appears to be an unnecessary sacrifice of Govt. interests to the benefit of the jodidars who themselves are on the whole satisfied with the terms offered for the exchange of lands.

and have accepted

mis.

This was submitted to the Dewan on 22-7-1902. On the 24th of the same month, he recorded that the order met the claim of the jodidars to the full extent, they had themselves adjudged. Channel lands being proverbially superior to all other lands, the jodidars' consent was quite intelligible but as however there was a difference of opinion, the papers were ordered to be sent to the other Councillors for opinion.

G

Mr. Sreenivasiengar recorded his opinion on 28th July last, against any further liberal treatment to the jodidars than what had been proposed in the draft order.

H.

"This is an exceptionally liberal arrangement and it is impossible that the jodidars can reasonably ask for more. 99 acres and 21 guntas of their land as per margin has been lost to them by submersion. In lieu thereof, it is proposed at their own request to give them equal extent of land of a specially valuable description under a river channel. The former could not be converted into wet while the latter could. The estimated values respectively are Rs. 2372-4-0 and Rs. 9950. The assessment (survey value) of the lands to-be given in change is nearly four times that of the land which has been submerged. In these circumstances

	Extent	assessment.
Dry.	76-16	126-8-0
Bagayet.	2-27	8-0-0
Kharab.	20-18	0-0-0
	99-21	134-8-0

1895-96. 14

No. 3230- (10)

Name of Petitioner, Sir-arama Shastri and another

Village, Kaigonahalli, Sante Bachalli Hobli

Taluk, Krishnarajpet,

District, Mysore

Date of Arzi,

Date of Receipt, 16-3-96.

Date of Disposal,

No. of Enclosure, 8.

ABSTRACT.

State that in pursuance of Huzur No. 355/510 of 1888 from Huzur Division Officer Irwin Rocks is forming on account of arrears of Jodi amounting to Rs. 274-12-8 due on the village of Kaigonahalli it had been attached and taken up under Govt. management that the Jodidars should not hinder the collection of the revenue in the village and that the ryots should not pay Kandayam to the Jodidars on 9-10-88 not duly published this in the village and also effected a settlement and appointed the management of the village - that subsequently the

Appeal against an order of Deputy Com[illegible] of Mysore 1/1/96 directing that the village shall be sold by auction, communicated to the [illegible] by Circular order of 24/2/96.

Stamp on Petition

In this L.R. 125-1

Council case

is to take place on 28/3/96

Ruled 16/3/96

[illegible] order

[illegible] referred

[illegible] apparently

[illegible] matter was

[illegible] upon the

[illegible] Let them

[illegible] after [illegible] be

[illegible] found [illegible] submitted

[illegible]

17/3/96

[illegible] collector

18/3/96

[illegible]

[illegible] reference case.

Re-Submitted.

[illegible] endeavours made to trace the reference were unavailing. Petr. who is waiting here was questioned. He said he has no reference except what he had produced.

[illegible] bears the stamp of sale which is

authorities having jol the accounts from the Patil and Shanthoy collec
the Kandayam from the 1st to end of Dec 1889 to the Treasury Rs 635-9-9 on 22-2-90. that a deathbed-bearing received for Patil Rs. 250/- pariwarishi was caused to be held. that the lower authorities did allow them to undertake any collection on that account according to the Endorsement. the called Ammina Kati of Ichenasan village the account 100 acres of the village containing Cocoanut gardens, date groves &c. were submerged in wa that by this they have been put to considerable loss - that on this they re the Patil and Mor authorities to indemnate them for the loss. that the Patil Authorities without taking their representation into Consider took steps for the sale of their village by public auction - that on the they addressed to the Sub Division officer - that in spite of the authori have published a notification in the Gazette stating that the villa will be sold on the 28th March 90 for the arrears that was caused to be accrued by themselves. Pray that on perusal of the records proper may be issued to stay the sale. Pray also that they may be protected by passing Equitable order in the matter.

Refers have submitted copies of the following documents -

Copy of Petition of 30-9-88 issued to them from the Tahsildar asking them not to collect any collections

Hukum No 905 of 23-2-90 issued to the Shekdar of Kanthachalla requesting Shekdars Stella No. 1182 1186/92 of 4-3-90

Asst. Dist. Officers Hukum No. 555/590 of 31-8-88 to the Tahsildar calling for a report Varamanthi patta of the Patil Lands prepared by Mr. Fremantle Rama Aun show on 29-1-91.

Hukum No. 237 of 7-1-91 issued to Shekdar requesting the harvesting officer and No. 829 of 2-2-91.

Copy of Amildars Endorsement of 9-10-75 No. 62

do Sub. Divisional officers Endt. No. 175 of 24-2-76. Rec

I can quite understand the jodidars preferring an exchange of land to a money compensation and to their ageeing to pay (1) acreage contribution and (2) full assessment, and to waive all claim to an abatement of their jodi. I believe there is a standing order of Govt. that no exhhange of land should be granted unless such land is situated in or near the village from which a slice has been taken up for public purposes. I doubt whether this, if enforced, would enable the jodidars to get the superior lands in four villages, which they seem so much to covet. Why should we show them any concession over and above what they have themselves asked for and which latter are <u>per se</u> altogether special. In case any doubts exist on the subject, I would suggest an option being given to the jodidars and their views ascertained, before final orders are passed. ".

Mr. Madiah, 3rd Councillor on the 5th August last reiterated the opinion he had given as Dy. Commr. in favor of giving lands of the same value as the lands submerged which would be about 32 acres.

Vide Note — portion marked I.

A fresh draft order in accordance with the new rules of business was prepared and submitted to the Dewan through the 1st Councillor on 22-8-1902. Mr. Madhava Rao has on this also noted /

Record of Case submitted for the orders of His Highness the Maharaja.

58 41

Subject.

Deduction of proportionate Jodi or full assessment for lands submerged by the restoration of Amaniyama Kattu Tank, from the Jodi payable by the Jodidars of Kaigoundlu, Krishnarajapettalook

Order.

I agree with the Dewan & the 2nd Councillor that the Jodidars are being liberally treated, and that there is no necessity to make any reduction of Jodi on account of the lands submerged. Orders may issue accordingly

~~K.C.M.~~

7254
Wolseley
18/9/02

Please give orders and soon return the case as we have 19.14.01 new books work

This falls under the last cl. of S.4 & is not a Council case. H.V. 6/9

H.V. 7/9

Draft ordered 19/9 MBS 20/9

Recd 17/9

be taken under post-mortem
in anticipation of the order from
the higher authorities on the reference
made to them bringing to their notice
the impossibility of proceeding with
the collection of the village owing to the
absence of the accounts giving particulars
of the arrears due by the ryots - that
you should it had been decided by
post - that steps should be taken for
the attachment of the village and that
the arrears should be recovered by
the sale of the village - that this should
be informed to the Jodidars and the
amount of arrears up-to-date recovered from
them - that necessary help should
be given to Jodidars towards the recovery
of the arrears and that if the amount of
arrears was not cleared up even after
giving them help further measures
should be taken accordingly to sale
and the arrears recovered by the sale
of the village -

accordingly I came to your village;
Called for the ryots and asked them to
collect the arrears - Inspite of all my
Efforts and help the ryots did not pay
up the arrears - There were no proper
accounts to check by their talkers and
recover the amounts from them.
The ryots did not consent to pay the

arrears mentioned by you and the Chairboy
to be due by him. Consequently as the
arrears were not recovered a notice was
on 4-3-95 was issued and duly served on
you directing that you should pay up
the arrears due by you to Govt by collecting the
same from the ryots and that on failing
to do so the village would be sold

The Amount of arrears due for the village
up to the End of June 95 is Rs. 2,263-10-7-
As the above amount was not recovered
an attachment list was submitted to
the Sub Division with report No. 1460 of
26-8-95. In reply thereto No. 1993 of
31-8-95 was received directing that a notification should be published
the village should be ~~not to be~~ sold
on 25-10-95. Accordingly the notification was issued.

You can pay up the Amount of
arrears within the date of sale and
get the village released from attachment.

Owing to the non payment of the
the arrears of Jodi, quitrent and Local
cess a notice was in the first instance
served on you and the village was
attached. You failed to get the village
released from attachment by paying
up the arrears. While you placed the
Govt under a disadvantage by not
furnishing requisite accounts due
for collecting the arrears it is not just
for you to complain that the authorities
did not recover the Kandayam due
by the ryots

44

Municipality of Kingston No. 62 (4)
9-10-95 Petition of the Municipality of Kingston for the Construction of Sewers in the Village of Kingston

Read the petition, dated No. 62 praying that the Municipality of the Village may be empowered to borrow the sum of $274.12 for the purpose of constructing sewers in the said Village, and that the Village may be empowered to issue debentures for the amount, and that the Council may pass the necessary By-Law for the purpose. That the Village Engineer has reported in favor of the proposed works, and that the Village Treasurer has certified that the assessable property of the Village is sufficient to cover the proposed debentures. That the petition is signed by a majority of the Council and by a majority of the ratepayers assessed, the names of which have been verified by the Clerk. That no objections have been received to the proposed works. That the Village Engineer has reported that the estimated cost of the works is $274.12 and that the Village will be benefited to the extent of $137.06 and the Municipality to the extent of $137.06. That the Engineer has also reported that the Municipality will be benefited to the extent of $137.06 and the Municipality to the extent of $137.06. That the Engineer has also reported that the Municipality will be benefited to the extent of $137.06 and the Municipality to the extent of $137.06.

Received from Mr Edward Ingleby
the sum of one Pound five Shillings
and Sixpence being for the Land Tax
and Stamping of the Deeds of Mrs Lyon -

On Casting up the Poor Rates for
Middle Hall & Cheapside - 274 - 12 - 6
On account of Repairs of Bridges &
due by the Village from Mr Jas Lyon -
- ford - On the account was set forth
in Public the Sale Deed of Mr
Ingleby was produced & the Seal proved
by Col Smith & Mr Middleton the Sale
by Mr Joseph Hutton for - £12 - 5 - 3½
was received from Mr Lee & Mr Ingleby &
Effect that a Statement was then prepared
for Solicitors Office by Jos Edwards Mr
Ingleby Agent Village Post Master -
- ville, that Corresponding Mr Lee
Place about the Village that was then
called - Lady Place Lodge Post Master -
- ment - that Mr Lee was Minister Proprietor
Records & Power of Sale to Mr Ingleby
Mr Lee Lawyer, Mr Lee Agent, Mr Ingleby
Mr Lee Jordan Land Agent Mr
Clerk Surveyor during certain Years Mr
Mr Ingleby Mr Lee Mr Ingleby Mr Lee
Solicitor & Trustee in certain Deed
Deed - that Mr Lee was Executor Mr Lee
Executor Mr Lee Executor & Trustee
Mr Ingleby - that Mr Jordan was Surveyor
Certain Lands in Kent - that Mr Jordan
Mr Lee Engineer Surveyor Mr Ingleby Mr
Lee Mr Lee Mr Ingleby - that Surveyor
Mr Lee Surveyor & Mr Lee Effect - that
Lee Mr Lee Mr Ingleby Mr Lee

48

16
Reg.
15/5/96

1896

No. 3598

L.R. 125-95-3

Name of Petitioner, Rangaiengar

Village, Kaiconacapet

Taluk,

District, Cuddapah.

Date of Arzi, 22.4.96

Date of Receipt, 24.4.96

Date of Disposal,

No. of Enclosure, Nil.

96
is interrupted. Pet^r who came about this was informed. He asks that the Pet^n be returned to him as it is from [illegible] will affix the stamp tomorrow. [illegible]

15/5/96

15
written with a draft to remind
Rel 1766 dated 26-3-96

4/5/96 Petr has, subsequent to the date of this petn, presented another. The memorandum was despatched 7/5/96. Mr, the reminder be

sd to Assistant Secretary

ABSTRACT.

States that Kaiyonakalli Jorida became a Rev: defaulter, not having paid his 8 years Jodi; that the village having been put up for sale on the above account, it was bought by him (petr) for Rs 3250 when he deposited Rs 812-8-0; that when he tendered the remaining amount the Asst Coll: told him that the Jorida had appealed to the Govt: and that the (Asst) would ask instructions of the Sub: Div: Officer as to receiving the remaining amount; that the village was burdened with a Kanday of Rs 3000 & this with the present year's Kanday amounting to Rs 400 comes to a very large amount; that he wishes it to be made a pair case of two and notice be issued to the Jorida for the hearing of the appeal; that in case of rejecting the appeal he [illegible]

to ~~buy the Kandagan to the Govt~~ recover the pursuit pail
~~who has to collect Kandagan from~~ and pay it to Govt
him upto 15 + that if the case is
not disposed of soon he will be
brought to the same flight as
the old Jodian —

Prays that the appeal
be disposed of early.

C.J.K.
20.4.56.

above officer decided the Civil Case to conform the facts of Mr. Mole friendly Out Judgement.

The Civil Case has accordingly struck out Suit No. 173 of 24-2-96, Referring Mr. Mole to above Judgement for details and informing Mr. Mole has been fixed on 28-3-96.

V/C.

16/3

50

Pl-
1766

MYSORE DEWAN'S OFFICE.

PETITION DEPARTMENT.

OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM.

27-3-96

L. R 125-95-2

The accompanying Petition No. 3230
dated 24-3-96 received at the
Dewan's Office from Lingaraj Urs
and Krishnadasa Urs, Police
of Kaigonahalli, Krishnarajpet
Taluk, appealing against the
order of the Deputy Commr. of
Mysore directing the sale of their
village for arrears of Land
is forwarded, together with its
enclosures, to the Deputy Commr
Mysore directed for submission
of a report.

2 The sale should be stayed
pending disposal of the
appeal.

3. The petition with its enclosures
should be returned.

By Order,

24/3

26/3

Bangalore,
26-3-1896

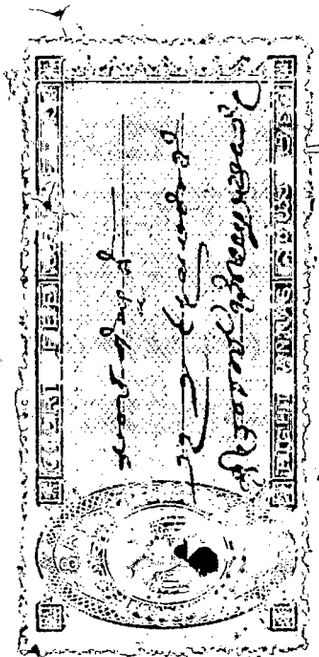
for Chief Secretary

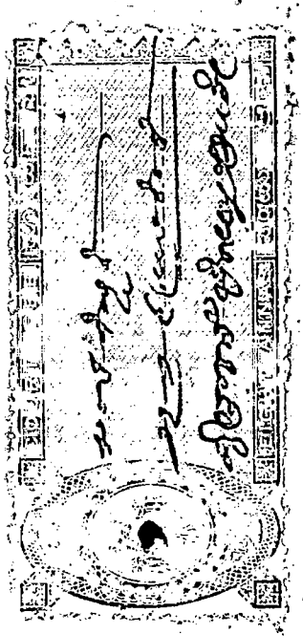
26/3

M.G.C.P.B.—19-2-95—1,000.

3598

53





Ref

574.

1896 (13)

No. 3636

Name of Petitioner, Ramanna

Village,

Taluk,

District,

Date of Arzi,

Date of Receipt,

Date of Disposal,

No. of Enclosure,

ABSTRACT.

1521
gures No. 11 and
recor

(16)

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
MYSORE DISTRICT,
Dated Mysore 16th June 1896.

L. R. 125-95-5

To

The Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
Revenue and General Departments.

SIR,

With reference to your official memorandum No. Pet 1766 dated the 26th March 1896 (and reminder No. Pet 1945 dated the 8th May 1896) forwarding for report the petition of Shivaram Shastry and Krishna Shastry, Jodidars of Kaigo-nahalli in the Krishnarajpete taluk, complaining of the sale of their village for arrears of Jodi &c., I have the honor to state as follows:—

2. In January 1896 the Sub Divn. Officer of French Rocks brought to notice that the arrears of quit-rent &c. due to Government by the Jodidars, to the end of June 1895 had amounted to Rs. 2263-10-7 and as it was not paid, the village had been attached and notified for sale on

the

the 25th October 1895. But as the ar-
rears had accumulated to a large
amount he recommended that the
village might be taken under Govern-
ment management as per Government
Order (No 4349-55/77 of the 15th November 1883 | Copy pa
till the arrears were liquidated. His
memorandum on the subject and its
Covering letter No 717 dated the 12th January
1896 are herewith submitted. I however,
thought that it was far better not to
take the village under Government
management as doing so would lead
to complications, but that it was best
to realize the arrears by the sale of
the village, as already directed by Go-
vernment, in Order No 1301/761 dated the | Reply
18th February 1891. The village was
accordingly notified for sale on the
28th March 1896. On that date it was
sold by the Sub Division Officer and

Knocked

that the said proceedings were submitted to Court as ordered, and that until the result is known, no Marg could be done in the matter

Petitioner now says that the latter is a demand on him for the payment of a sum of Lots & dues for the current years, and prays that early steps may be placed in the matter, so as to avoid trouble, as the village is for the appointment of the Jodi now dismembered

7/4

56

Put up petition of Sivarama Sastri on behalf of Jodidar of Kaipanahalli enq
N.S.
30/4/96

MYSORE DEWAN'S OFFICE,
PETITION DEPARTMENT.
REG'D. N. 3636
DATE 30/4/96

363

knocked down to the highest bidder for Rs. 3201. Cost the Government

Memorandum under cover, stating sale was received here on the 2nd March 1866 and reached the Civil Division Office on the 3rd March 1866 in his Camp, having been despatched from here on the 27th idem.

3. The petition, received with the above Memorandum and its enclosures are herewith submitted together with the record of the case.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obdt Servant

W. Venkatarangiah

Deputy Commissioner
of the Bellary District

Mm
Compd
Ally

Sanction after letter pending
Order dated 26-3-96 at Page 333
Purchaser has applied to be
made a party to this appeal.

4-7-96

Petition Original
to be sent
Copies — & make
purchaser a
party — & give
notice thereof
also

14-7-96

Notices prepared
& sent 6 3/7
Copies of Petn. sent to Agent, Mysore.

1895 G. 95-8 S 29
25 JUN. 96
DEWAN'S OFFICE

From

The Deputy Commissioner
of the Mysore District.

To

The Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
Revenue and General Departments.

Dated 15th
Despatched } June 1896
Received

Enclosures No. Petition No 3230 with 8 enclosures Vernacular records, letter

No. 1521 Dt. 717 and enclosures

Reporting on the petition of Shivaram Shastry and Krishna Shastry, Joshidars of Kaigonahalli in the Krishnarajpet taluk.

Petition Memo
28/6/96

Date entered.
25/6.
Card Index
Please file with the G. [illegible]
Complete correspondence [illegible]
25/6/96
25/6.
26/6/96

from the raiyats by occasionally reporting to the Sub Division officer, the non-production of previous accounts by the Jodidars.' Thus from 30th June 1888 till 20th February 1895 no collection was made and the arrears against the village swelled to Rs 2263-10-7. Until the decision of Government was intimated to the Jodidars, they had reasons to believe that the village was managed by the circar agency and they, therefore, made no effort towards collection. When the Jodidars came to understand that their village was exposed for sale, they appealed before me and represented

represented that the demand against them augmented from no fault of theirs. They further begged that the sale of the village be postponed and orders of Government obtained to keep the village under Government management till the arrears were cleared.

2 I find from the previous correspondence that their case is a pitiable one deserving of consideration. I have, however, in anticipation of your orders, directed the postponement of the sale. If you concur with me in my views, I request you will be good enough to move the Government to reconsider

Their

61

Sub Division Office
French Rocks
Dated 12th January 1897
Camp Chinkurli

No. 717
Encl. 1 letter
From
P. Pinciani Esq. Lieut. Engr
Sub Division Officer
French Rocks.

Rec'd 19.1.97

Rec'd 20.1.97

To
The Deputy Commissioner
Mysore District

Sir,

I have the honour to submit herewith for your information Price of correspondence regarding the sale of Joli Hyderabally village in the Krishnarajpet Taluk. You will observe from it that the village was attached and taken under Government

Government management
on 30th June 1888 by order
of the then Sub-division Officer
Mr. D. Devaraja Urs. The Jodi-
dars were ordered not to
interfere with the village,
and much less the collection
work. The raiyats in the
village were told by beat
of tom-tom and written notices
not to make payments to
the Jodidars. The Amildar
who was entrusted to —
assume management of
the village and on whom
the responsibility of getting
up the required accounts
and collection work devolved
seems to have made
no attempt whatever to
recover the arrears from
the

their order passed in Febru-
ary 1891 directing the sale
of the village in carrying
out which there has been
a deplorable delay, and
to obtain sanction to assume
the management of the village
till such time as the arrears
due to Government are
entirely satisfied.

3. I beg to enclose
the entire Vernacular Corre-
spondence on the subject for
convenience of reference.

I have the honour to
be Sir,
Your most obedient Servant

[signature]
Sub Divisional Officer
Trincomalee Rocks

91

Precis of Correspondence relating to the sale of Jodi Kiygonaindlu Village in the Vizagapatam Zillah.

Under Sunnud dated 15th April 1814 the Village was granted to certain Brahmins on Jodi tenure

In the Inam settlement it was confirmed as Jodi in favor of 22 Vrittidars Viz Subbabhatta and others. The estimated heriz of the Village is Rs 307-3-7. The annual quit rent due to Government is Rs 268-9-7. The Vrittidars failed to pay up their dues to Government. The arrears against them for 1886-87 and 1887-88 amounted to Rs 274-12-8. Demand Notices were issued and served upon the Vrittidars in February & March 1888 but they failed to satisfy the demand against them.

The Village was therefore attached on 30th June 1888 and ordered by Mr. Devara Siva, the then Sub Divisional Officer, to be taken under Government management as per Revenue Notification

in docket No 544 dated 29th September 1889
that it was profitable to Government
to assume the management of the Village
in question, if under proper manage-
ment a revenue of about Rs 1000
may be expected.

Meanwhile when this correa-
spondence was passing between the
Sub-Division and District offices, the
Amildar who had been directed to
assume the management of the
Village, reported that no proper accounts
were not maintained it was difficult
to know the liability of each indi-
vidual raiyat in the Village and
solicited instructions as to the process
to be adopted for recovery of the arrears
from the raiyats. He was told in reply
to collect such money as each raiyat
was paying to the Pattadars hitherto.
No attempt towards collection was
made by the Amildar.

Ultimately the Deputy-
Commissioner forwarded Copy of
Government order No 1341/761 dated
18th February 1891 directing the sale
of the Village with his memo no 271 of

of 12" march 1894 An order written to
the Amildar to this effect was signed
by Mr Mohamed ali on 24" march 189
and delivered for registry and des-
-patch on the same date. The Head regis
-tered the Ankum but instead of des
-patching it to the Taluk he mixed it
up with the file of English Correspondence
This Head by name Sinnalaelan
resigned and went away and his
where abouts not known. This mistake
which was discovered on 20" February 1895
while turning up some other Correspondence
for reference was at once brought to the
notice of Mr Mohamed ali. This Officer
on a perusal of the entire Correspondence
thought that the Vrittidars were en-
-titled to help from Government in
collecting the arrears and so directed
the Amildar in order no 842/992 dated 20
February 1895 to render Assistance
to the Vrittidars before Coercive
measures were adopted. In reply
to this, the Amildar represented that
unless the Village was attached and
sold, the arrears could not be recovered
Hence the Village was attached and

notified to be sold on the 25th October

1895.

The arrears up to the end of June

1895 amount to Rs 2263-10-7

[illegible]

Sub-Division Officer

Tenchkallo

Village was not divided into separate
Unities furnishing meanstile ie, Karta
-ndars as to how the dues of Government
were hitherto levied by the Unitedars.
With reference to the above the Deputy
Commissioner in docket no 45 of April
1859 enquired if the arrears of Rs 274-12-8
had been recovered from the Unitedars.
It was stated in this office docket no 69
dated 4th May 1859 that after the Village
was attached, Rupees 128-1-3 was recovered
and that the balance of Rs 146-1-5 to-
-gether with the outstanding of Rs 267-3-2
for the year 1858-59 was still pending
recovery. On this the Dy Commissioner
again enquired what the arrears
amounted to. It was informed that
it amounted to Rs 405-1-1. Two months
afterwards the Dy Commissioner in
docket no 361 dated 15th September 1859
enquired whether it was profitable
or otherwise to Government to resume
the management of the said Village and
forwarded copy of Government order
no $\frac{432}{270}$ dated 28th Sivanu for information
& answer to this Mr R. Arunachellar
the then Sub division officer, reported in

No 271 of 15th November 1883. 67

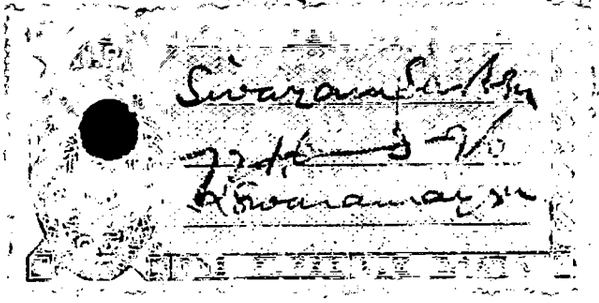
On receiving the above order — Mr. D. Devaraj Urs directed the Amildar to inform the Pattedars that as the Village is kept under management, they are not to interfere with Collection duty, and to intimate to the Ryots of the Village by beat of Tom-Tom not to make any payments to the Pattedars.

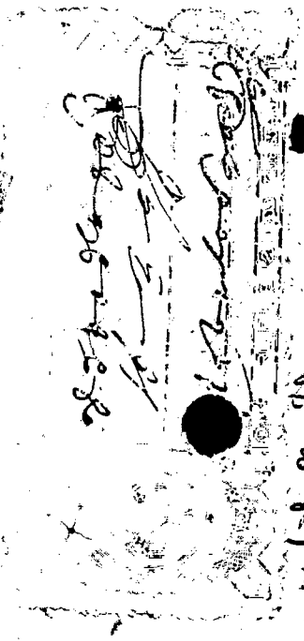
This the Amildar did, and served notices upon the Pattedars and the Ryots.

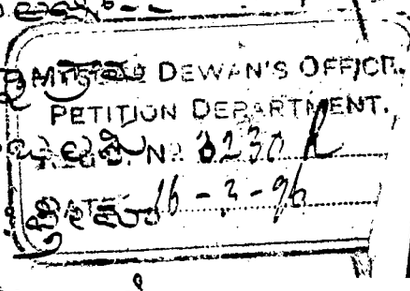
Sanction to keep the Village under Government management was solicited in Docket No 431 dated 24th September 1883 to the address of the Commissioner

The Statement of attachment submitted with the above Docket was returned with Docket No 563 dated 8th October 1883. for reconsideration with a remark as to whether the Village was divided into Pattis, if so, their number, Extent, assessment and the extent of liability of each Patti &c.

It was stated in reply Docket No 62 of 8th April 1884 that the






DEWAN'S OFFICE.
PETITION DEPARTMENT.
16-3-96

Ties with the records
to be with A. S no 127
5-96.

1896

(1896)

No. 1358

Name of Petitioner Suvarna Sahib Lokhare
Inhabitants of the Jodi

Village Kaiyonahalli

Taluk Krishnarajpete

District Mysore

Date of Arzi 27-10-96

Date of Receipt 31-10-96

Date of Disposal

No. of Enclosure Nil

L. R. 125-95-6

ABSTRACT.

States that their jodi village was taken up under pot management in 1888-
that from 1890 the Taluk authorities assumed the collection duties of the village - that during the period in which their village was under pot management i.e. in Vaigasi they cultivated, paddy, and Ragi lands measuring 99-21 and bearing the assessment Rs. 127-5 were made to Lakshmipathy by the Management of a tank called Annamma Kalte. that they were not granted any compensation for this land that their village was brought to sale by showing large amount of arrears as due by them - that on this they appealed to pot. on 16-3-96. that the pot. on

them that orders had been given
the cancellation of the sale and that
trial orders would be given about the
compensation for the submerged lands
and also of the collection &c. That on
6th Nov. 96 they represented to the Sub-
Division officer French Rocks that they
might be granted some dry lands con-
veniable into lieu of Ancola and other
villages below the Northern channel (Vide proceedings)
& Narsipur in lieu of their lands
submerged. that they were not granted
any till now - that they learnt that the
said lands would be sold from the 26th inst
et on this they submitted a reminder
the Sub Division 28-9-96 - that in
reply they were informed that the
proceedings connected with the matter
had been submitted to higher authorities
that thereupon they on 24-10-96 they
requested the Dy. Comr. to stay the sale
of the said lands pending disposal
of the said proceedings. Pray that
the Dy. Comr. may be asked to stay
the sale of the said lands pending final
orders on the said proceedings.

BK
Yn

[illegible]

[illegible] 1896

[illegible]

By order

[illegible]

for Secretary

78

Injunction

Vol 782

L.R. 125-95-7

further in the matter.

Pending the final decision of the matter of compensation claimed by petitioners in respect of the lands taken, the Dominion is requested to reserve an equal quantity of land adjoining the lands taken if it is deemed expedient that the Reserve be reduced by the lands taken. The Indians Signed agreement of lands proposed to be taken and dated 4th Oct. 1884 but that Reserve may be reduced, and the selection of the land there may be left pending the Reserve being duly surveyed, that the Indians must not be molested or disturbed upon it. Lands to be surveyed at present.

Recommended in Council that the request be granted.

All order

Copy to Sub-Dept. for information.

6872

fetched very high prices averaging
150 Rs per acre.

Four days after the Sale i.e. on the
3d November 1896, the Deputy Commissioner
announced his order to me in favour of the
Jodidars. But as the event was a past
one and any attempt at cancelling the
sales made at the instance of the Government
after due publication & deferring to involve
complicacies, as the lands had become
possessed by people from distant places,
I recommended the grant of the lands
to the Jodidars under other channels
which are being extended in the same
Taluq. The Deputy Commissioner
agreed with my proposals, and I
have accordingly asked the Amildar
to direct the Jodidars to select land or
claim compensation for their submerged
lands. This reference is pending disposal
with the Amildar and the Jodidars.

The Sale of the Anagola and other
village lands have been duly confirmed
by me under the authority of the
Deputy Commissioner's yadi No 813/566
dated

dated the 25th November 1896.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
your most obedient Servant,

[signature]
Sub Division officer
French Roads.

Ref 324

82

Land Division Office
Trunk Road
Dated the 29th October 1896
Camp Veeranayakanam.

No 549 From

P. Panchanatha Row Esquire

L.A. 125-96-9 Land Division Officer &c

Trunk Road.

To,

The Secretary to the
Government of Madras
Revenue and General Department
Bangalore.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge
the receipt of Board's Circular
Memo of 7th Feb 1888 dated 27th instant, re-
questing a Statement showing the
Inam, Jodi and Kulamanakudi
Village in the Krishnagiri Taluq and
in reply, beg to state that the Extent
of Land belonging to the Jodi Nagoo-
-rahundi Village submerged by the
Restoration of the Annamanakatte
Tank, is 99 Acres and 2 Guntas

pp: 3607 [illegible]

Grants including wet & dry gardens

and houses. Cattle, &c. Natives, &c

the Natives prayed that an Equal

Extent of Land under the Paraiyan

or Elaw Channel situated in the

Nagala and other Villages might

be granted to them in lieu of their

lands. His petition was referred to

the Surveyor. The Surveyor after

taking for an Expression of opinion

as to the feasibility or otherwise of

the grant and the Surveyor having

on the 19th September, 96, answered

in the affirmative, the papers were

submitted to the Deputy Commissioner

on the 3rd October, 96 with a view of

obtaining his orders in time before the

Commencement of the date of the above

Village Lands which had been fixed

for the 26th and for subsequent dates

of October, 96.

The sales were conducted by me on

the appointed date. There was a brisk

Competition and the Lands fetched

88 Petitioners complaint are ~~briefly~~ as follow:—

The village of Kaigonhalli in question was attached in June 1888 on account of arrears of Jodi amounting to Rs 274-12-8 due for 1887-88 The Sub Division Officer French Rocks, acting on the recommendation of the Amildar, ordered that the management of the village on behalf of the Govt. be assumed by the Amildar under the provisions of Notification No 271 of 15th Novr 1883 and reported the matter to the Dy Commissioner Accordingly, the Amildar issued notices on the 30th September 1888 to the Jodidar and the ryots of the village, intimating the assumption of the management by the Govt. and interdicting the Jodidars not to interfere with it, and the ryots not to pay their dues to the

to the Jodidars. This was followed by the recovery of a sum of Rs 128-11-3 in or before January 1889 and by the issue of a Notice by the Amildar to the ryots on the 13th Feby 1889, calling upon them to pay up to the Taluk Kacheri what they urged was due according to Manual and stating that disputes between them and the ~~Ahtas~~ Jodidars in regard to the actual amount payable by each ryot would be settled on the production of accounts by the Jodidars. The ryots, however, did not pay, and the Jodidars were not in a position to produce the accounts relied upon by them, as they had been filed in the Civil Courts in connection with certain Suits filed by them against two of the ryots. The Amildar reported on the 30th March 1889 that as the

86

(23) (24)

L.R. 125-95-10

Read:-

(1) Petition No 3250 dated 16th March 1896 from Sivarama Chetti and another, Jewellers of Kalyanaballi, Krishnarajpett Taluk, complaining (1) of the order issued by the Deputy Commissioner of Mysore for the sale of their Joli village for the arrears of assessment due from Virodhi (1889-90), notwithstanding that Government had assumed management of the village in 1868, and (2) of non-payment of compensation in respect of lands of the Joli village submerged by the restoration of the Govt tank called Immaiyan Kalte in Valagere Hamlet.

(2) Petition No 3598 of 22d April 1896 from Rangiengar of Krishnarajpete, stating that he had purchased the village at a revenue sale and paid the amount of deposit, and praying that he might be permitted to pay up the balance of purchase money

of the Petitioners of the Judiciary was rejected.

(3) Letter No 1521 dated 16th June 1896 from the Dy Commr Nyanza District, submitting his report on the petitions of the Judiciary with the records of the case

(4) Correspondence ending with Government Order No 13011-761 of 18th February 1897

(5) Petition No 1353 of 27th October 1896 from Sivaramakrishna and others praying that in lieu of their lands submerged they may be granted lands below the Hale Narrows North Channel

(6) Petition No 1579 of 23rd Nov 1896 from Sivaramakrishna stating that the lands applied for had been sold to others notwithstanding that the Dy Commr agreed to give them to petitioners, and praying that the sales may not be confirmed.

(5b) Order No 5633 / P.T. 33-96 of 3.12.96 Encl 14 Vernacular Records. (records checked)

Papers relating to the

92 — and offered to pay to Govt any assessment that might be fixed on the lands, and a further the Sub Dn Officer gave the Amildar to understand at this stage, that the order of Govt in regard to the management of the village on behalf of Govt had not been received the Amildar submitted the representation of the Joshidars for the orders of the Sub Dn Officer on the 3rd February 1891, with a report that the arrear up to the end of Virodhi (1889-90) had been further reduced to Rs 90-0-0, and that the Joshi for Vikruti (1890-91) Rs 433-13-2, had accrued. No reply was sent to the Amildar.

The action taken on the Sub Dn Officer's report of 1888 that the village had been attached and kept under Govt management under the rules of 15th Novr 1883, will now be referred to. The Rep

Govt called for information as to the number of the Vrittis in the village and the extent of the liability of each, but the enquiry made showed that this information could not be furnished, as the Jodidars had not kept accounts showing the Sub-division of Vrittis and the lands held by each Vrittidar.

The Dy: Commr then submitted, on 14th May 1889, the report of the Sub Dy Officer to the Govt for "information or orders," with the observation that as the arrear due was equal to but one year's demand, he did not see why the village should not be put up to sale.

The Govt, in their order dated 28th August 1889, drew attention to the provisions of the Land Rev: Code (which in the meantime had come into force) and returned the papers with the observation that the realization of Govt demand from the owners of alienated villages was by sale ordinarily, after a declaration of forfeiture, and that in special cases, the procedure laid down

90

the Jodidars had not kept regular field diaries & Jamabandi accounts up to date, it was not possible to take steps for the recovery of revenue under Govt management, unless a proper inspection of the fields was made and their assessment fixed. The Sub Dy Officer, instead of taking steps for the introduction of detailed Survey and Settlement under para 4 of the Notification under which the management of the village had been assumed, ordered the Amildar, on 13th April 89, to send for the accounts of Jodidars from the Civil Courts and proceed to determine the amount due by each ryot. The accounts were not received till about February 1891, while in the meantime the valuation Survey made by the Survey

kept it, resulted in the enhancement
of the annual revenue payable
to Govt from Rs 268-9-7 to Rs 433-12-6,
and the arrears up to the end
of Kārttik (1887-78) amounted
to Rs 839-7-7. The Amildar,
on 18th January 1870, solicited
orders for the receipt of such
sums as the ryots chose to pay
pending the final settlement of
the questions at issue between
them and the Jodidars, and
this course having been sanctioned
by the Sub-Dy Officer, the Shekdar
received from the ryots
sums voluntarily paid by
them, aggregating Rs 635-9-9,
and granted them receipts
in the form prescribed by
Govt. The arrear due was
thus reduced to Rs 203-13-10.
Steps were next taken to
realise the value of the crops
raised by the Jodidars on
the bed of their breached
tanks, but as they represented
that they could defray them
of their means of subsistence

94

down in Sec: 165 et seq of the Revenue Code must be followed with the previous sanction of Govt. The Sub Collector, on receipt of the order ~~to the Sub Collector~~ but enquired if it was profitable to Govt to assume the management of the village. The Asstt Collector answered this question in the affirmative and in doing so referred to the fact of the management of the village having been already assumed by the issue of notices to Jodidars and the reports, and to the action taken since, and explained fully the resources of the village and the causes which led to the Jodidars default to pay the arrears, which now amounted to Rs 677-1-6. The Sub Collector, however, submitted to the Commr, a vague report stating that the Asstt Collector's report showed that it was profitable to Govt to assume the management of the village, as under proper management, he expected

to be 9 9 a - 21 8, was submerged by the restoration of the Govt Annaiyankatte tank. In January 1894, the Jodidars petitioned the Amildar and the Jamabandy Officer complaining of the submersion of their lands and praying for the grant of lands below the Annaiyankatte tank as Inam, or for reduction of the Jodi and the grant of compensation. Thereupon steps were taken to ascertain the extent and value of the lands submerged; and in Octr 1894, Amildar Venkappaiya, who had been since transferred to this Taluk, issued demand notices to the Jodidars, and submitted a report to the Sub-Dn^{l} Offr inviting attention to the report of the 3^{d} Feby 1891 which remained unanswered, and soliciting orders for the recovery of the rents due by ryots as a revenue demand This was followed by a reminder on the 27 Octr 1894, and a requisition on the 12th Feby 1895,

for

96

Amidst on the 24th March 1891
for enquiring into the grant
of 8 Zeminds
under and directing the sub-
mission of settlement Patta,
which the ryots were declining,
and it is reported that the Head
Sirkar responsible for the remission
required his proof and that his
allegations are not known.
Proceedings the 3rd July 1891, on
which date the Amildar submitted
the records for the orders of the
Sub Collector, upto January 94,
the actions were taken by the
Jagirdar authorities, and did the
Jahidars seek to ascertain their
matter stood and take the
necessary steps to protect their
interests. They are said to be
23 in number, living in
different places and divided
into 2 & 3 factions. The result
was that the rents payable
by the ryots were not received,
the arrears due to the Govt
swelled to the account of
Rs 1829-14-1, and a portion
of the Jagir village, since
ascertained

to realize annually a revenue of
about Rs 100 ; and recommending
"that the management of the village
be assumed by Govt"; and the
Dy. Comm.r submitted a copy of
this report for the orders of Govt
on the 7th December 1889. The fact
that so far back as Sept.r 1888
(i.e. before the introduction of the
Land Revenue Code) the Civil Court
had assumed possession and
management of the village under
the Rules of 1883, the amount of
the arrears, and the cause that
led to the default of the Jaghirdar,
were thus not placed before the
Govt, who, in their order No.
1301-761 R dt 13th Feby 1891, pointed
out that the reasons adduced
for taking the village under Govt
management in preference to
selling it in the usual course,
viz that it would be profitable
to Govt to do so, was untenable,
and directed the adoption of the
usual processes for attachment
and sale of the village for the
arrears due. The Sale Supervisor
Officer wrote an order to the

98

for the return of the records for submission to the Governor-in-Council, as they wished to see them. The Sub-Collector (i.e. Headman) sent the records to the Amildar on the 20th Feby. 1895, with an order, in which he referred to the omission in his office to dispatch his instructions for giving effect to the Govt. order of February 1891, and desired the Amildar, before proceeding to exercise coercive processes, to give the Jodidars, who, owing to the causes referred to, had not till now been put in possession, such help as he could afford for the recovery of the rents due to them. The Jodidars, in acknowledging the notices of demand issued by the Amildar referred him to the action of his predecessor

in depriving them of the
possession of the village
and of the means of recovering
the rents due to them. Whereupon
the Amildar issued a notice
to the ryots on the 4th March
1895, stating that they should
pay all the arrears due for
5 years to the Jodidars
and take receipts from them;
and he at the same time
informed
~~told~~ the Jodidars by a notice
that they should, within 15 days,
recover what was due by their
ryots and pay up the arrears
of Jodi. The Amildar sent
to the village to assist the
Jodidars in recovering their
rents, but his efforts were
unavailing. The Jodidars
demanded payment of
sums mentioned in an old
Chitta held by them, but the
ryots relied upon more
recent receipts granted to
them and refused to admit the
claims based on the Chitta,
asserting that two

The foregoing facts are referred to in detail to show to what extent the present state of affairs was due to the failure of responsible officers of Govt to place matters before Govt in their proper light and to issue the necessary instructions to the Amildars. When the action of the Sub-Division Officer in placing the village under Govt management did not commend itself to the Deputy Commissioner, this officer, while submitting his report of the 14th May 1889 to Government, should have asked the Sub-division officer to defer further action pending the receipt of the orders of Government. The omission to do this and the irregularities noticed above led to the village being to all intents and purposes in the hands of the Government

decrees were alleged to have been obtained on the strength of the Gheitta. The Jotdars would not agree to the amount which the ryots were willing to pay, being recovered, and the ryots finally said that the amount payable by them might be fixed either by a Court of Justice or by the introduction of detailed Survey and Settlement. The Amildar, under the circumstances reported that there was no means of recovering the arrears, which now amounted to Rs 2263-10-7, except by sale, and that he had served notices of attachment and forfeiture on the Jotdars. The Sub Dn Amin was still reluctant to authorize the sale of the villages, and asked the Dy Commissioner, for the reasons explained in his letter of the 12th January 1836, to obtain the direction of the Govt for the management of the villages by the Amildar

till the recovery of the arrears due to Govt; but the Deputy Commr thought that taking the village under Govt management would lead to complications, and ordered the recovery of the arrears by the sale of the village. Effect was given to this order and the sale was held by the Sub-Dy Collr on the 29th March 1886. ~~before the order of Govt directing the stay of sale reached him.~~ ~~He sold the property, but~~ ~~he did not receive the money.~~ The purchaser did not pay the amount of deposit (Rs 812-8-0) in cash, but produced his Canara Bank Pass Book with an application that the sum of Rs 812-8-0 might be drawn from his account and appropriated towards the deposit amount. The papers do not show that this has been done; and the balance of purchase money has not been received.

although a solution is to circumstances urged by the Dist Mgr, for consideration there are the claim of the Landlord & compensation in respect of lands due merger, pending disposal.

the Dist Comp has ordered & he will in due course,

[illegible] the amount of deposit
was drawn from the Savings
Bank and credited in the
Savings account of said
depositor in the Manufacturers
Savings Bank and the latter
has not from the said
the passbook of the amount
so drawn from the
Savings Bank in the custody of the
bank, the passbook
produced [illegible]
referred to [illegible]

[illegible] the second
[illegible] the [illegible]
of the depositor [illegible]
information. The [illegible]
proceeding [illegible] it was

1898 -99

24

From

The Deputy Commissioner

REVENUE DEPARTMENT
No. 926
1898
Pet 32.
DEWAN'S OFFICE

Mysore District.

To

The Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

Dated 4th
Despatched } August 1898
Received

Enclosures No. (annexure papers

General No. 133.

Reports on petitions of the ... diars of Kaisonahully, Kru... nara ... pet taluq of K... for grant of land to ... Hale Muraipur Northern ... kala ...

Petition ...
8/98

Rec'd 98.

(Z 33 of 97 relating to the subject is pertch

AK
10/8/98

Subd

12/8/98 MK

107

No. 133

Enclosures No. Canarese papers.

OFFICE OF THE Deputy Comm.r
MYSORE DISTRICT,
Dated Mysore Augst 4th 1898.

To

The Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

SIR,

Adverting to your official memorandum, No 782-, dated 27th November, 1896, and para 7 of G.O. No 5655-97.33.96- dated 18.12.96 regarding the petition of the Jodidars of Kaigonahully Krishnarajpet taluk, praying for the grant of lands under the Hole Nursapur Northern Nala in lieu of lands of their jodi village submerged by the restoration of the Annagondanahalli tank, I have the honor to state that the extent of the lands submerged is 99 acres, 21 guntas, with an assessment of Rupees 134 " 8 " 0, as shown in the margin.

2. The dry and bagayet lands were valued at rupees 2372-4-0 at Rs 30, an acre and a Compensation statement was sent to the Executive Engineer French Rocks division, but the jodidars having in the meantime prayed for the grant of other lands in exchange for their lands submerged, the question of money Compensation was dropped.

3. The jodidars selected certain lands under the extension of Sri Randevarne dam North Channel, which had been advertized for sale by public auction but

Bagayet	acres	76-16	126-8-0
		2-24	8-0-0
Kharab		3	134-8-0
		18	-0-4
Total		99-21	134-8-0

not possible to ascertain the nature and extent of the lands submerged by actual inspection and measurement as they were under water; that upon reference to the records of the Collectorate during the period a [illegible] was estimated at Rs. 22 - 2 - 0 a share in the Bengal; that the Berij of the, or the highest rate prevailing in the neighbourhood was estimated at Rs. [illegible] that the value of the [illegible] lands, was, according to the estimate of the Superintendent Rs. 2372 - 4 - 0 at the rate of Rs. 30 per acre; and that a statement containing the data was transmitted by the Collector officer to the Executive Engineer, Sirajganj Division, and that the proportionate amount to be deducted from the Govt. on account of the lands submerged was estimated at Rs. 42 Rs. 8 - 0 - 0 per annum. As the matter has been dealt with in the A.G.G., the papers were before Govt. do not show, & nobody the report called for in Judicial Memorandum No. 161 dated 27 Instant, the Deputy Secretary is requested to submit complete information about the [illegible] all the joint leases in [illegible] & per [illegible] for [illegible] the [illegible] pattahs.

	a.	p.	amount
Aus	70 -	16	- 105 - 8 -
Jaccha	2 -	27	8 - -
	73 -	3	154 - 8
Aman	25 -	18	
	99 -	21	

compensation
[illegible] or due on account of the reclamation of a tract of the Jodu Land in 54 Sadr Sub Division received from the Collector of Pabna with his No. 5267 G dated 29 Nov 96.

8/12

for section

To the Superintendent & Engineer [illegible] Division
with reference to copy of Govt. Collector's letter No. 5267 G dated 29 Nov 1896

the lands were, sold by the Sub-division officer, on the appointed date, owing to the non receipt in time of a reply to his reference to the Deputy Commissioner seeking instructions in the matter. —

4. The Jodidars have since received other lands under the same Channel, measuring 99 acres, 21 guntas, assessed at Rs. 109-0-0 as particularized below. —

	A	G	Assessment			Village to which attached
			Rs.	As.	P.	
Dry	17	29	8	8	0	Halemadapur
"	21	5	17	4	0	Nadapur Nala
"	47	11	10	12	0	Nadapur
Wet	13	15	72	8	0	Angola
Total	99	21	109	0	0	

All the dry lands received are capable of being irrigated by the water of the Channel referred to, and the net assessment thereon at the rates prevailing in the neighbourhood would amount to about Rupees 200. The Jodidars want the above extent of 99 acres, 21 guntas to be granted to them inclusive of the submerged lands subject to the payment by them of full assessment thereon together with the prescribed acreage contribution, and they are also prepared to forego their claim to a proportionate reduction of Jodi on account of the lands under submersion.

5. The request of the Jodidars to be complied with in the manner above

above indicated, cannot be represented as Removable, as the lands in question will, if Sold by public auction, fetch large prices as may be anticipated by the results of the Sales already held & reported on by the Subdivisional officer in his letter No 5747, dated 29th November 1896, to your address on the subject.

6. The Jodidars are only entitled to lands with a net assessment not exceeding in amount the Berij (Rs 134. 8. 0) of the lands submerged by the tank, and the extra liberty would be about 2 acres. As it is reported that the Jodidars have lost Rs 36 per annum by the submersion of their Kharab lands (20 acres, 18 guntas) containing some date trees, I would beg to recommend the grant of an additional extent of 5 acres of land to reinstate them for this loss, and they may also be paid a sum of Rs 20 per acre on the lands given to them in exchange to help them to prepare the same for wet cultivation. —

7. The lands granted may be enjoyed by the Jodidars as Inam free of all liability to pay water rate or increase contribution, but they cannot claim any reduction in the amount of Jodi

fee.

(2)

1890

From

The Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

To The Dy. Commissioner
Mysore District

L. R. 125-95-12

Dated 6th September

Despatched 6-

Received

General No. 2205

Pro. No. 33 & 96

(298)

Enclosure No.

With reference to his letter No. 133
of 4th August 95 reporting on the petition
of the Jodidars of Kaiyonahalli -
Krishnarajpet Taluk - praying for
the grant of lands under the Hole
Narsipur Northern Main in lieu
of lands of their Jodi village sub-
merged by the restoration of the
Annayanakatte tank - has the
honor to return herewith the corre-
spondence received
-respondence ~~forwarded~~ therewith
and to request that he will be so
as to inform this office the amo
or upset price of the lands appl

for by the petitioners.

15.0

Rs annually payable to Government on their said Village.

3. Should the foregoing proposals meet with the approval of Government, I shall submit a statement in the prescribed form showing the lands to be assigned as Inam, and, report the amount of money Compensations payable to the holders for the preparation of the Lands for Cultivation.

4. The Financial papers bearing on the subject as per accompanying Index are herewith submitted for reference and obliging return when no longer required.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedt Servt

[signature]
Deputy Commissioner
Mysore District

Compared

722 R
15-10-90

Kus.
Kus Army Camp
15.10.00

11/10/00

Refer

26/10/00 145 of 97

113

× Submitted S Diwan on 16-2-00

L.R. 125-95-13.

27/11 Receipt Shroff

Subd in continuation

12.11.00 Ans.

1900

No. 722

Name of Petitioner Venkatasubbaiah Kalyanvala and others

Village Ippalakallu Cauvery

Taluk Krishnarajpet

District Mysore

Date of Arzi 9.10.00

Date of Receipt 15.10.00

Date of Disposal

No. of Enclosure Nil

Otto

Letter pending?

Ryot not satisfied

13/11

Submitted

ABSTRACT

State that they received Govt. Sirkt. No 1981 S.R. 97 inform them that their petition is forwarded to the D.C. for disposal; that thereafter they submitted petns. to the D.C. who has not as yet disposed of their representation; that therefore they have again submitted a petition praying for early and favourable orders in the matter

22/10/00

Petition File No 36 of 1896-97 regarding the grant of exchange lands for certain dry lands submerged by Kannambadi tank, has been submitted to the Secretary on the 1st September 1900 with the D.C.'s Dewani order as follows:—

"The proper course seems to me to give wet lands equal in value to the extent of dry lands submerged and any excess of wet land applied for on a fair upset price. I would first ask the D.C. to tell us the average or upset price — This has been personally explained to the Dewan — Submitted to the Secretary — Govt. Order No 34 — dated 12/11/00

HR 14/11

HR 13/11

14/11

22/11/00

Ans to Govt 12.2.01

Receipt Shroff 27/11/00

(24)

Subject with office note continued.

116

1900/90/

9-3-01

L.R. 125-95-14

From

The Deputy Commissioner of
the Mysore District.

To

The Secretary to the
Government of Mysore,
General and Revenue
Departments.

Dated 5-2
Despatched
Received 7th March

Enclosures No. One Ver file

General No. 349

Reporting on the petition of the poidars of Kargonahalli in Krishnarajapet Taluk

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1st Court
Subject is ~~[illegible]~~
with note recorded.
Hes.
~~1/3/07~~
22/3/07

R? 22/3/01
22.

As the petitioners
have referred
to persons

4/8/1901

Send docket & D'ft ✓
& the opnt

6/8/01

D/ft. AK
put up.
AK
12/8/01

RD
11/9/01
601 1/2

Put up
8.3.01
RS 9/3/01 ✓
D/ft 33 of 36 containing
opn & put up

AK
9/3/01

No. 848

Enclosures No. Duplicate

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

Dated Mysore 5th March 190/.

To

The Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

Sir,

Adverting to your Docket No. 2206 P.D. 33-96 dated 6th September 1900, calling for further reports on the petition of the Jodidars of Kaigonahalli in the Krishnarajpet Taluk, praying for the grant of lands under the Hobmaranipur Northern Nala in lieu of lands of their Joti village submerged by the restoration of the Amayanakatte Tank, I have the honor to submit the accompanying copy of the French Rocks Sub Division Office Docket No. 685 dated 20th February 190/ from which it will be observed that the lands under the Hole Narasipur Northern Channel fetched at the Sale from Rs 50/- to Rs 60/- per acre and that the lands selected to be given to the Jodidars in exchange for the

1901 119

From

The Sub Divisional Officer

French Rocks

To

The Deputy Commissioner

Mysore District

Dated 20
Despatched 23 } February 1901

No 685

Encl 1 in one file

With reference to his docket No 126 of 18th October 1900, the undersigned has the honor to retransmit herewith the Kannarese papers connected with the petition of the Jodidars of Kaigonahally and to state that the Amildar of Krishnarajapet reports that the lands under the Hole Narasipur Northern channel fetched at the Sale from Rs 50/- to Rs 60/- per acre and the lands selected to be given to the Jodidars in exchange for the submerged lands being

Superior

178

Superior soil Rs may be estimated at Rs 100/- an acre.

The Guildford report No: 240 of 25th October 1900 accompanies

[Signed] K. S. Doraiswami Iyer
Sub-division Officer
French Rocks

"Copy"

[Signed] H. Munro
Deputy Commissioner
Mysore Dist

Confidential.

121 (25) 1906

From,

THE SECRETARY TO THE
GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

31

L.R. 125-95-15 To

The Dy. Comr.
Kaggal Bellary

Dated 13th

Despatched 14th August

Received

General No. 319

P.P. No. 33-96

Enclosure No.

With reference to your letter No. 548 of 5-3-07, requesting the Revenue Authorities and the Executive Engineer, Hagaribommanahalli, to construct a tank, praying for the grant of land under the Kere Kattuvalu and Mete Basha in Survey Nos. of the Jari village, Commercial value restoration of the Hagaribommanahalli tank, and the time to inspect that the villagers should submit to direct the petitioners to lay the proposal in person on the subject

15/8

2/8/07

for Secy

Proc of the Govt of Mysore.

L.R. 125-95-16

Read again:-

Govt proc no 5638 PF 33-96 d 18/12/96 cancelling the sale of the govt village of Kaigonahalli, Krishnarajpette taluk and calling for further report regarding the compensation claimed by the Govt ryots on account of the govt lands submerged by the Annaiyankatte tank.

Read:-
Letr no 133 d 4/8/98 from the Dy Comr Mysore reporting on the above

2. Letter No 8405 5/3/01 123
from the Dy Comr. Mysore
reporting that the lands
selected by the Joddars
for grant in exchange
may be valued at Rs100
an acre.

3. Rests of the case.

order thereon. No 463 / PR 33-96 dt 23.9.02.

The Govt. direct the grant
to the Joddars of Kaijurahalli
of an extent of 99 a 9 g - 21
under the Shivaramdevara
channel in lieu of an
equal extent of Govt lands
submerged by the Arkavankatte
tank. The lands will be
subject to payment

of full assessment
and acreage contribution

2. The grant of lands
on the above terms
will as agreed upon
by the Jodhars, be
made in full
discharge of all
their claims on
Govt for the loss of
their Jodi lands in
the Village of
Kanjamalath,
to be given by the
Authorities of the
Annaiyan Kattu land

for reasons already
given Item for
deducting the assess-
ment of the Submerged
lands 134-8-11 + 30%
being rent of tidly free
Submerged from the
Jodi of the Village
26/8/1902

2nd 28/8

I the Govt Pleader do
with the regard to the said
Item 8 & 5/3/07 16/8/02

125

[illegible] 1358-3230 [illegible] [illegible] 23-9-1902

[illegible]

L. R. 125-95-17

[illegible]

[illegible] 1358 [illegible] 3230. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] 99-2 [illegible]

[illegible]

126.

ಇಂತಿ ವಿಶ್ವಾಸಿ
ಬಿ. ಎಸ್. ಕೃಷ್ಣಯ್ಯಂಗಾರ್
ಸೆಕ್ರೆಟರಿ

ಬಿ. ಎಸ್.
23/9/02
Secretary

ಬಿ. ಕೆ.